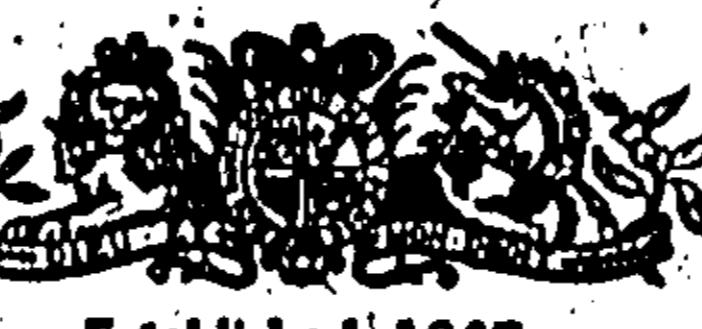


VULCAIN

One  
of  
the  
few  
great  
watches

GILMAN &amp; CO., LTD.

## CHINA MAIL



Established 1845

No. 35618

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1953.

Price 20 Cents

COMMENT OF  
THE DAY

## Good Speech

THE tone of Mr Foster Dulles' speech before the UN General Assembly yesterday went very much closer the sentiments of the majority of the free world than some of his recent utterances. It was both conciliatory and constructive without carrying with it the odious label of appeasement. It contained a direct invitation to Russia to meet the Western powers half-way in the monumental task of composing international differences, and this was couched in phraseology to which even Mr Vyshinsky could not object without being utterly boorish. Whether or not the temper of Mr Dulles' speech will succeed in setting a new level of constructive debating in the General Assembly remains to be seen. Mr Vyshinsky's first reactions were non-committal and he has still to address the delegates. But he could hardly fail to be impressed by two of Mr Dulles' points. The first was the assurance that the United States does not seek to export revolution and incite others to violence—a statement of policy which may be taken to represent a reversal of the theory of "liberation" concerning the Soviet-occupied countries of Eastern Europe. The second referred to international disarmament. This was quite clearly an invitation to Mr Vyshinsky to come forward with any new proposals he may have, and thus allow the United Nations to explore anew the possibilities of breaking the deadlock on this issue.

DEALING with other international controversies—the future of Germany, the Austrian peace treaty and the Korean problem—Mr Dulles stated the case of the Western world firmly but without the faintest suggestion of propounding an ultimatum. His recognition of the fears and desires of the Russian people was appropriate, helping to put the whole problem of international relations in Europe in proper perspective. It was a delicate touch which may well leave a deeper impression on the minds of the Soviet rulers than any high-sounding rhetoric. Even though Mr Dulles considered it necessary to express some doubts about the sincerity of the Communists in the question of reaching a settlement in Korea he succeeded in maintaining a balanced point of view. He appealed, not de-nounced, re-emphasising the realities of a situation which have to be faced by the Communists if the Korean problem is to be satisfactorily solved. All in all Mr Dulles delivered a good speech which will be appreciated and applauded by all people who have a sincere desire to see the world's problems settled through the machinery of amicable negotiations.

GALES WILL BUFFET  
COLONY  
60 mph Gust  
At Waglan  
STORM HAS 100  
MILE RADIUS

HONGKONG is going to receive a buffeting from Typhoon Susan after all. Winds of gale force are expected to be felt in the harbour and other parts of the Colony this afternoon and this evening. A 50 knots gust was registered at Waglan during the morning.

It is still not possible to determine whether the full brunt of the typhoon will be felt here. This morning the Royal Observatory said the centre of the typhoon was expected to pass within 60 miles south of Hongkong, and it was officially estimated that the radius of the disturbances was about 100 miles.

At noon the Royal Observatory issued the following brief statement:

"There is no further information about Typhoon Susan available. The typhoon appears to be advancing very slowly on the same track."

At the same time the following official weather forecast was issued:

"Gale force north or northeast winds, gusting to over 50 knots, are expected. Cloudy with almost continual rain, heavy at times."

The possibility of the Star ferries either curtailing and stopping services later today was admitted by a company official this morning.

He said that owing to probable deteriorating conditions in the harbour, it would be advisable and might be necessary to curtail ferry services later today, and even stop them completely.

He added that every endeavour would be made to let the public know beforehand.

The Star ferry had hoisted no warning flags up to 12.30 p.m.

The ss Falshan, one of the two river steamers of the Hongkong and Macao Shipping Pool Line now in service, failed to return to Hongkong from Macao early this morning because of the weather. The other vessel, the ss Takshing, which cancelled her sailing to the Portuguese colony last night, took shelter off Stonecutters Island. Her departure tonight for Macao will depend on weather conditions, a Pool official said.

Smoke to  
your throat's  
content

53.25  
for 50

du MAURIER  
THE EXCLUSIVE FILTER TIP CIGARETTE

STOP PRESS

Ferry Hoists  
Red Flag

The Star Ferry hoisted the red flag at 2.50 p.m., indicating that the services may stop at any minute.

No. 9 typhoon signal went up at 3 p.m.

## City's Freedom For Monty



During his recent visit to Canada, Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery was made a freeman of the City of Toronto, and this picture shows "Monty" shaking hands with Capt. F. L. Statham, leader of the Welsh Guards band, which was then in Toronto, after having the Freedom of the City conferred on him.

Chinese Nationalists  
Refuse To Evacuate  
Troops From Burma

BANGKOK, Sept. 17. A flare-up of hostilities between Burmese and Chinese Nationalist troops in Burma appeared to be imminent today following the break-down of the four-Power Bangkok talks on the proposed evacuation of an estimated 12,000 Chinese guerrillas.

The Burmese Ambassador, U Pe Kin, told the United Press, "Military operations will be intensified. Burma cannot countenance continued violations of her territorial integrity."

The Ambassador made the statement shortly after the Nationalist Chinese delegation had rejected a Burmese ultimatum demanding the withdrawal of at least 5,000 Chinese troops within 35 days after signing an agreement.

The Burmese delegates walked out of the four-month-old talks between Nationalist China, Thailand, the United States and Burma when the Chinese delegation said that the Chinese Nationalist Government was "not in a position to accept" Burma's proposal.

Yesterday, the Burmese Ambassador shattered official silence cloaking United Nations Commission negotiations since May 22 by accusing the Nationalists of insincerity and of "trying to create another Panmunjom."

"A northerly gale is already blowing at Waglan Island, where a gust of 50 knots was recorded at 6 a.m. today.

"In the harbour the northerly wind is expected to increase during the day to gale force (34 to 47 knots), or possibly much stronger, veering to the northeast and subsequently to the southeast as the centre passes."

"Owing to the very slow approach of this typhoon it is unfortunately necessary to keep the No. 7 signal for an unusually long time. The No. 7 signal was first hoisted at 6.30 a.m. on September 17."

"The rainfall collected from 1 a.m. to 10 a.m. today amounted to 18 points of an inch."

"To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn."

"That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement."

"The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.

1.—To accept in principle that all Chinese troops in Burmese territory will be withdrawn.

2.—That not less than 5,000 Chinese troops must evacuate Burma within 35 days of signing an agreement.

The Burmese demand had given the Chinese Nationalists until September 23 to reply."

The Burmese Ambassador said that the swiftness of the Nation-

als agreed.</

## KING'S MAJESTIC EMPIRE

SHOWING TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.15 | AT 2.30, 5.15 | AT 2.30, 5.30  
7.20 & 9.30 P.M. | 7.20 & 9.30 P.M. | 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

TYRANNY DROVE HIM TO PIRACY!



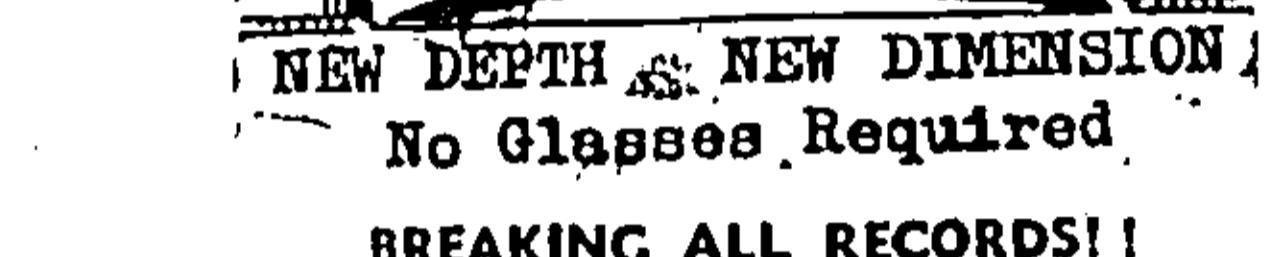
## CAPITOL LIBERTY

THE HOME OF M-G-M PICTURES

Capitol Town Booking Office:

Wing Hong Film, Hong Kong Island, Queen's Road, C.

TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 &amp; 9.30 P.M.



NEW DEPTH AS NEW DIMENSION

No Glasses Required

BREAKING ALL RECORDS!!

2ND BIG WEEK



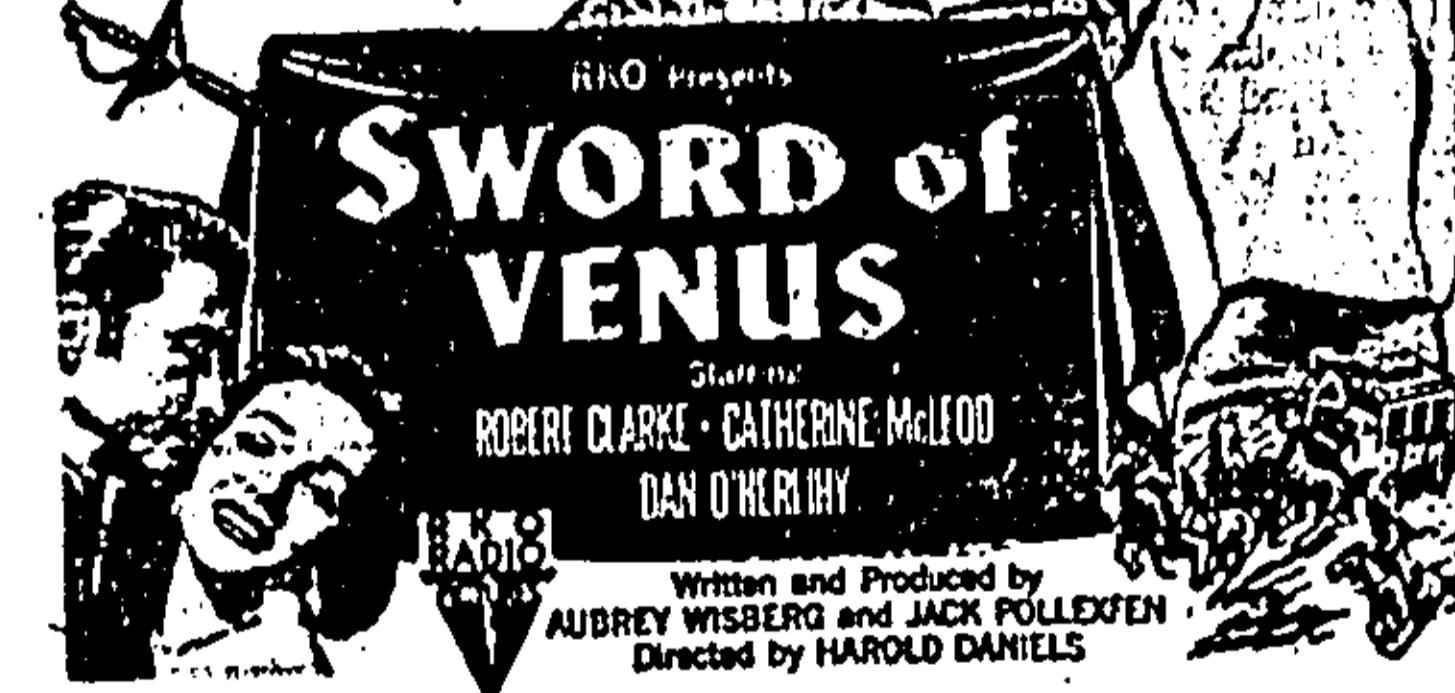
## PRINCESS

TO-DAY ONLY

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 &amp; 9.30 P.M.

## RECKLESS HEIR OF MONTE CRISTO!

Slashing his way to revenge... and the lips of the woman who plotted his doom!



## COMMENCING TO-MORROW

A SONG TO REMEMBER... GO A PICTURE TO REMEMBER

Forever! Always!

IN TECHNICOLOR

A Story Buckman Production

A Song to Remember

Starring Paul MUNI Merle OBERON

Written and Produced by AUDREY WISBERG and JACK POLLACK

Directed by HAROLD DANIELS

SHOWING TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30

&amp; 9.30 P.M.

ROXU &amp; BROADWAY

20th Century-Fox presents

WHITE WITCH DOCTOR

TECHNICOLOR

Susan HAYWARD Robert MITCHUM

We buy and sell

DIAMOND, JADE, SAPPHIRE

ASTOR JEWELLERY CO.

68 QUEEN'S ROAD C.

TEL: 21750

## Youngest British Industry Puts On Amazing Show

British banks are usually open to the general public for only five hours a day. But for the next 10 days a handful of multi-lingual bank clerks will be available to the customers for 13 hours of every 24.

They have been hand-picked by their companies to staff the temporary banking branch offices at the British Radio Show in London's fabulous Earls Court.

Their job is to see that buying is made easy for visiting business men.

But they are only a minute part of the huge organisation whose job it is to tempt overseas buyers to linger beside the gigantic annual shopwindow on one of Britain's youngest and most progressive industries.

And this year—despite a lightning strike by electricians which meant a dim-out opening for the show—Britain is going all-out to show visitors how the leads the rest of the world in the young science of electronics.

Naturally Britain hasn't produced everything she has up her sleeve. Much is still under the security blanket. But what she does have ready to show occupies two floors of the mammoth exhibition hall and is breathtaking in range and diversity.

Everything that the ingenuity of British electrical engineers can devise—and security permits—is there, from pocket-size portable radios to massive electronic brains, equally useful in war or peace.

This year the humble radio has taken a back seat. It is television's year and throughout

the show hundreds of TV receivers via with one another in clarity, range—and most important—price.

All the big name firms are represented. But there are many names up in lights which—at least for the moment—mean little to the viewing public. For Britain is well ahead of the rest of the world in the television field and the enterprising are wasting no time about climbing aboard the bandwagon.

But there is no touching reminder that there are thousands all over the world to whom the ordinary radio is still a 20th Century miracle and television just a name. It is the exhibit organised by one internationally famous radio firm in which blind operators with sure, sensitive fingers are using simple receivers.

On the stand beside them is a copy of the "Radio Times"—the BBC's weekly programme publication—in Braille.

The BBC has taken up a big share of the exhibition's floor space to let the listening and viewing public into many of its secrets.

## SECRET PAIRED

A complete television studio has been reconstructed and visitors can see in detail what goes to make the pictures on their own home screens. Patient technicians are on hand to satisfy the curious.

And for the first time the BBC has laid bare all the secrets of its sound effects department. Visitors can watch studio managers manufacturing the background noises for programmes being broadcast throughout the exhibition. They can discover that the thunder of a cavalry charge is reproduced by hammering coconut shells on a blanketed table; that gravel in a moving metal drum represents the crashing waves of radio's sea epic; that dramatic thunder for ghost stories is produced by vibrating a large thin sheet of metal.

The armed services have staged some of the most attractive exhibits. On the Army stand the visitor who has never experienced anything more exciting than an annual trip to the seaside can thrill to the sensations of a brigade commander in Korea.

Standing beside a large model of a section of Korean battlefield he can pick up one of several telephones and listen to the crackling interchange of information and orders as company commanders move their men forward and the tanks come rumbling up in support.

The R.A.F. have gone all-out to show how the electronic experts have made life easier for friendly pilots and a lot harder the filters of would-be aggressors.

## RESCUE DEVICE

There are radio brains to plot and track enemy aircraft long before they reach the coast and to direct merciless anti-aircraft fire against them if they avoid the radio-guided interceptor aircraft.

To prove that electronics can be entertaining, the BBC has rigged up radio-controlled guessing games. Visitors can pick up headphones, listen in to a programme and guess what it is. They make their choice, select one of a series of push buttons to indicate their guess and if they are correct, a picture of the programme is flashed onto a television screen.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

From Bangkok they will be flown to Hongkong by planes of Indian airlines. Reuter.

The announcement said the flight would be carried out by 20 Indian Air Force Dakotas helped by four civilian aircraft.

The troops will be flown by the Indian Air Force to Bangkok.

# SUPPORT FOR ADMISSION OF JAPAN TO G.A.T.T. POSSIBILITY AT GENEVA

The eighth session of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade reopened here today with a considerable number of the 33-member countries expected to support the United States' demand to bring Japan within the agreement.

The United States contends that keeping Japan out of the agreement is tantamount to driving her into the arms of the Soviet Union as a trading outlet.

## America Hoping For Results From Lanier's Visit

Washington, Sept. 17.

United States officials hope that the forthcoming meeting of President Eisenhower and the French Premier, M. Joseph Lanier, will prod France into approving the long-delayed European Army plan and whip up new enthusiasm for waging the Indo-Chinese war.

Officials said that these two subjects will get special emphasis when the two leaders meet here this Autumn for a general review of the relations between the United States and France.

## MR NEHRU'S ANSWER TO REDS

New Delhi, Sept. 17.

Mr Jawaharlal Nehru, the Indian Prime Minister, tonight denied Communist allegations that India was "contaminated by membership of the British Commonwealth".

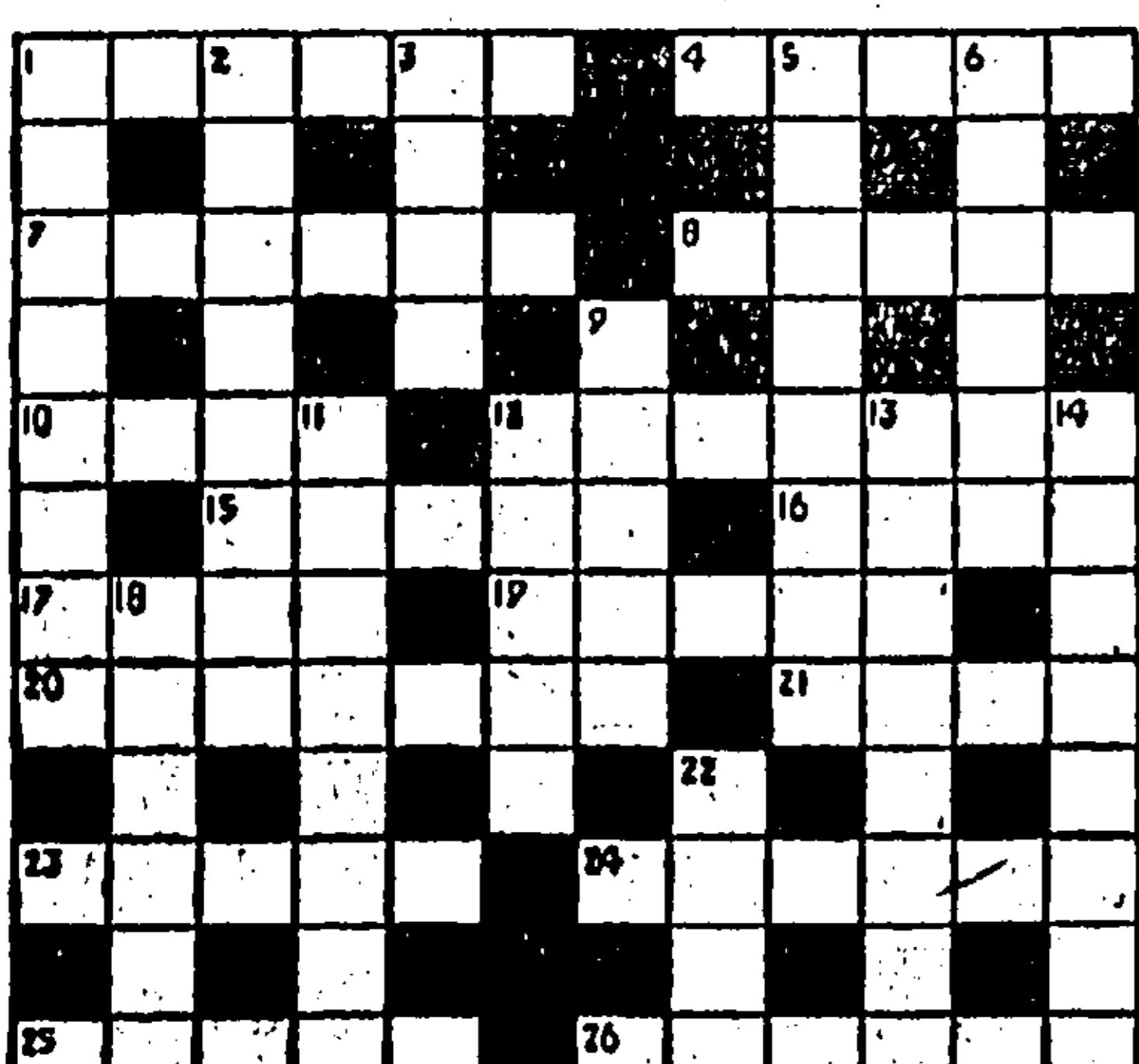
Answering a Deputy Communist leader Hiren Mukherjee during a foreign affairs debate in the House of the People (the Indian Lower House) Mr Nehru said: "It is an old Hindu custom to talk of contamination through association with others."

"It is no use considering ourselves pinnacles of virtue and others bad and contaminating. Membership of the Commonwealth has enabled India to play a bigger part in international relations than she could otherwise have done."

During the debate Mr J. B. Kripalani, leader of the Praja (People's) Socialist Party, described the sending of India's custodian force to Korea as "a needless and costly expedition."

Mr Kripalani added: "We have been dabbling in international affairs in a manner which has made one party or the other always annoyed with us." —Reuter.

## A British Crossword Puzzle



### ACROSS:

- 1 Sent abroad (6).
- 4 Upset (5).
- 7 Charged course (6).
- 8 Employing (6).
- 10 Meadows (4).
- 12 Confined (6).
- 15 Carousal (6).
- 16 Measure out (4).
- 17 Excuse (4).
- 19 Pattern (5).
- 20 Sitting (4).
- 21 Despatched (4).
- 23 Haggard (6).
- 24 German (6).
- 25 Necessitous (6).
- 26 Squall (6).

### DOWN:

- 1 Surrounds (9).
- 2 Gold ready (8).
- 3 Regretted (4).
- 6 Recreations (6).
- 9 Bill (9).
- 10 Fruit (5).
- 11 Matured (9).
- 12 Evil spirit (6).
- 13 Chose (8).
- 14 Fated (8).
- 15 Ambassador (6).
- 16 Nought (4).
- 17 Excuse (4).
- 18 Pattern (5).
- 19 Distances (12).
- 20 Distance (12).
- 21 Despatched (4).
- 22 Haggard (6).
- 23 German (6).
- 24 Necessitous (6).
- 25 Squall (6).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 3 Obdurate, 8 Retire, 9 Despoiled, 11 Diploted, 12 Pier, 13 Depol, 16 Duron, 19 Haul, 22 Paesport, 24 Distance, 25 Ardour 26 Shellers. Down: 1 Crudo, 2 Steps, 3 Ordered, 4 Beet, 5 Used, 6 Attain, 7 Endure, 10 Sonor, 14 Pagan, 16 Tectors, 18 Shadur, 17 Purane, 20 Colore, 21 Sipper, 22 Past, 23 Scar.

19

20

Sheffield, Sept. 17.

A third of Sheffield was blacked out tonight when an electricity cable was fractured. —China Mail Special.

## A Continent's Loveliest



Photographic line-up in Istanbul, Turkey, during the "Miss Europe" beauty contest: (left to right) Miss Italy (the winner), Miss Turkey, Miss Austria, Miss Greece, Miss Finland, Miss France, Miss Belgium, Miss Sweden, Miss Switzerland, Miss Holland, Miss Germany, Miss England and Miss Monte Carlo.—Express Photo.

## BULK BUYING OF MEAT MAY BE TERMINATED

Melbourne, Sept. 17.

Almost alone among Australia's primary producers, meat raising and marketing circles are not alarmed at the prospect of a switch from Government-to-Government trading to private dealing.

They feel that the provisions of the 15-year meat agreement, under which Britain has undertaken to absorb all Australia's surplus beef, veal, mutton and lamb until 1967, will be sufficient safeguard, although the clauses governing the end of bulk buying do not mention the basis for calculating the price for trader-to-trader deals.

The clause promises only a floor price—which could be less than the cost of production—but does not mention that it should be "subject to the production."

The U.S. however, is anxious to cut her dollar commitments in Japan, and to let Japan expand through world trade. —China Mail Special.

## Germany's Exclusion

### "Treason"

Strasbourg, Sept. 17.

Former Belgian Premier Paul Henri Spaak tonight told a packed Assembly session of the 15-nation Council of Europe it would be "treason" to oppose the inclusion of Germany in the Community.

The meeting may be part of Administration strategy to win Congressional approval of a plan to give France another \$385,000,000 next year to help fight Communist rebels in Indo-China.

The plan has been approved by the top level National Security Council but still needs Congressional approval. That may be difficult to win because Congress is expected to pull a tight rein on foreign aid next year. —United Press.

During the debate Mr J. B. Kripalani, leader of the Praja (People's) Socialist Party, described the sending of India's custodian force to Korea as "a needless and costly expedition."

Mr Kripalani added: "We have been dabbling in international affairs in a manner which has made one party or the other always annoyed with us." —Reuter.

## British Newsman Favoured

London, Sept. 17.

The Moscow correspondent of the London "Daily Telegraph," Mr Eric Downton, announced today that he had received authorisation to visit the capitals and several cities of the five Central Asian Soviet Republics.

Mr Downton said that it was the first time that the Moscow correspondent of a foreign newspaper had received authorisation to travel in this area. —Franco-Presse.

Dock Snake Hunt

Liverpool, Sept. 17.

Six policemen, armed with brushes, spartines and knives chased a snake which had escaped from a fruit crate at Liverpool Docks. A policeman finally killed it with a knife. —China Mail Special.

Sheffield, Sept. 17.

A third of Sheffield was blacked out tonight when an electricity cable was fractured. —China Mail Special.

## Survival Of Freedom In Asia Up To Youth, Says Dulles

New York, Sept. 17.

Mr John Foster Dulles, United States Secretary of State, told a dinner in honour of Crown Prince Akihito of Japan tonight: "The youth of Asia will largely determine whether freedom will survive or be ground beneath the tyrant's heel."

Mr Dulles told a gathering of 500 at the Japan Society in honour of the Crown Prince that the Japanese people faced a "unique opportunity to display their greatness because the opportunities now offered are unique."

Speaking directly to Prince Akihito, he said: "The future of the world will in large part be determined in Asia by your generation and measurably by those whose allegiance you will come to command as Emperor."

"We will do what lies within our power to help ensure that your youth have a legacy which will help them to assure your country's continued constructive role in the community of free nations. But much depends upon the Japanese themselves."

He was speaking with "open and hopeful heart" as a man from the West to a young man from the East.

"Asia has a noble heritage. It has been fashioned out of the artistic achievement and spiritual insight of thousands of years of human experience. But those who inherited that culture are profoundly disturbed by the impact of the modern industrialised society... It is the youth of the Asian lands who must seek stable adjustment between the old and the new."

"The legacy for Japan's youth will, we trust, also include a stable and effective Government dedicated to maintaining the security and servicing the best interests of all her people."

### VIGILANCE NEEDED

"A Japanese post-war Government responsive to the will of the people has already been established. But, as I said recently in speaking to a purely American audience, no constitution can be relied upon automatically to preserve the liberties of the people."

"In the last analysis the liberties of a people depend on the vigilance of the people. On the basis of personal observation it is my judgment that the Japanese people are likely to remain vigilant in guarding their liberties," Mr Dulles said.

Earlier, Mr Dulles said the United States provides a good market for Japanese goods, especially the high quality goods which "reflect Japanese skill and trade."

"We all know," he said, "that Japan faces serious economic problems, that she is unable to produce all the food that her people require; that there are few natural resources and a shortage of capital to develop what there are; that military procurement from Japan for the United Nations in Korea may slacken off; that new markets must be found for the output of Japan's factories so that she can pay for essential imports."

### TRADE AVENUES

"There must be an interchange of goods and services, and a flow of capital, if Japan is to be rehabilitated and is to attain a position of inner strength," said the Secretary of State.

"Japan can, to an increasing degree, do what will be helpful to its neighbour in aspects that they will welcome."

He added that, although Asian trade normally would be Japan's biggest market, and is not confined to that trade.

"We hope," he said in speaking of Japanese trade with the U.S., "that efforts will be made on both sides to keep open these avenues of trade and to ensure increasingly that the quantity and quality of trade will be such as to serve the mutual interest."

### PACIFIC SECURITY

Speaking of the meeting in Washington last week of the ANZUS Council, Mr Dulles assured his audience that the Council's decision not to enlarge its three-nation treaty was not an indication that the United States was abandoning attempts at a more comprehensive system of regional security in the Pacific area.

He explained that it was unlikely that any one of the existing treaties in that part of the world could be used for the framework for such further development.

"Indeed, before there can be much useful development by way of multilateral treaties, there is need for the development, within the Pacific area, of a greater measure of international goodwill," he continued.

"I trust that these sentiments soon will come in a measure sufficient to warrant the development of enlarged security measures," he said.

"And we add," he added, "I believe that Japan can make a substantial contribution to the achievement of these objectives."

"The Malibchi Shimbun leader, saying that Australia is trying to monopolise the Ataturk Sailing grounds, has been widely published in Australia. —Reuter.

## Want Oak Saved

London, Sept. 17.

A Government order is being applied for to preserve the Malibchi Shimbun leader, saying that Australia is trying to monopolise the Ataturk Sailing grounds, has been widely published in Australia. —Reuter.

## Rhodesian Demand

London, Sept. 17.

Talks are expected to continue tomorrow on the drawing up of a new constitution for Northern Rhodesia.

Representatives of sections of the Northern Rhodesian community and the Colonial Office met earlier this week but made no statement.

Two delegations have come here—European and African—agreeing on one thing: both want more say in the Government of the Colony than is at present allowed by the Colonial Office.

The African delegates are Mr P. Sokoza and Mr D. L. Yumba—the only two African members of the Legislative Council.

Sir Roy Welensky is representing the interests of the Europeans. —China Mail Special.

## Turk President To Visit U.S.

Washington, Sept. 17.

President Bayar of Turkey has accepted an invitation of President Eisenhower to visit the United States in January, the White House said today.

The Turkish President will be in Washington for three days from January 27.

The invitation was extended to Ankara when Mr Avra Warren presented his credentials as the new American Ambassador to Turkey. —Reuter.

## Japanese Legation Gets A Surprise

Colombo, Sept. 17.

The Japanese Legation has received a surprise packet from the police—documents and codes seized from it following Japan's entry into World War Two.

They were returned to the Legation yesterday—eight years after the cessation of hostilities. —Reuter.





MR JORGE B. VARGAS Says

# HONGKONG'S ATHLETES WILL BE WELCOME AT THE ASIAN GAMES

## ... Whether Asian Or European

The President of the Asian Games Federation, Mr Jorge B. Vargas, who is also President of the Philippines Amateur Athletic Federation, stated in an interview in Hongkong yesterday that Hongkong's athletes—be they Asian or European—would all be welcome at the Asian Games in Manila next May provided they were British subjects and the Games' Organising Committee was satisfied that they could legitimately call Hongkong their home.

Any non-Asian national of an Asian country is eligible to compete in the Asian Games, Mr Vargas said. The President of the Asian Games Federation said that his Organising Committee was well aware of the fact that there were non-Asian nationals of Asian countries and that Israel would probably bring to the Games some "blond and blue-eyed athletes."

Mr Vargas said, "The Philippines, Mr under whose flag he originally elected to compete.

As far as Singapore or Hongkong were concerned, the problem that remained to be ironed out with regard to the eligibility of athletes to represent these two British Colonies was that of eligibility by domicile or residence, Mr Vargas said.

"You can be sure that the Organising Committee will interpret this eligibility as liberally as any common sense interpretation permits. Rules

"Our rules are framed essentially to prevent the importation overnight of non-nationals to participate in the Games. We hardly think that Hongkong or any other member of the Federation would do that, but there must be rules governing eligibility to take part in the Asian Games as there are rules governing eligibility to take part in the Olympic or the British Empire Games."

"Whatever the length of domicile here of any of your athletes in Hongkong who were not born in the Colony, their eligibility to participate in the Asian Games will be liberally interpreted, but every case must be considered individually on its merits."

"I do not see how we could frame a general rule governing these cases of eligibility by domicile," Mr Vargas said. "The most reasonable interpretation is that the length and circumstances of such domicile would be equivalent to that normally required by most countries to give the domiciled person the right to apply to become a national of the country of domicile. In the case of your British-born athletes, it is a matter of interpreting the change of their 'national' status from United Kingdom-domiciled British to Hongkong-domiciled British."

"Some think that 10 years' domicile should be insisted upon, others that five years are enough. You can become a naturalised citizen of most countries in this world after five years' domicile in that country. Then again, there are

some nations that accept new citizens after two years' domicile, two months, or even overnight."

## Club de Recreio Annual Meeting

The annual general meeting of the Club de Recreio was held yesterday.

Officials elected for the year

1953-54 were as follows:

President: Mr J. E. Noronha.

Hon. Secretary: Mr G. A. Noronha.

Hon. Treasurer: Mr D. M. Rodrigues.

General Committee: Messrs

H. A. Barros, C. P. Basto, B. T.

Gosano, R. A. Marques, H. R.

Plana, and J. A. Victor.

Members of the balloting

Committee elected were: J. A.

Gutierrez, D. F. Lopes, C. E.

Marques, C. E. L. Passos, A. M.

Prata and A. M. Souza.

During the course of the meet-

ing, the Hon. Treasurer, Mr D.

M. Rodrigues, reported that the

club had an excess of income

amounting to \$1,272.41 over ex-

penditure.

One of the suggestions raised

from the floor of the meeting

was that the Club should hold

more entertainments for mem-

bers by way of cinema shows,

dances, and social evenings.

The President said that the

matter would be referred to

the incoming Committee.

## Contract Bridge Tournament

At a Committee meeting of the Hongkong Contract Bridge Association held yesterday, the following dates were fixed for the Individual Duplicate Contract Bridge Tournament to be held next month:

Closing date for entries: September 30.

Fist Round: October 8, at the Jewish Recreational Club.

Second Round: October 15.

Contestants are invited to

send their entries to Mr R. E.

Dossi, 303 Union Building,

together with the entry fee of

\$10 per person.

## Billiards Record

Brisbane, Sept. 17.

Bob Marshall, of Western

Australia, beat his own world

amateur billiards record tonight

with a break of 702.

The break was made during

the match with Tom Cleary

(Victoria) for the Australian

title which Marshall retained by

3,100 points to 2,933.

Marshall's previous record

was set (Australian) made

in 1951.

Entries close at 12 o'clock

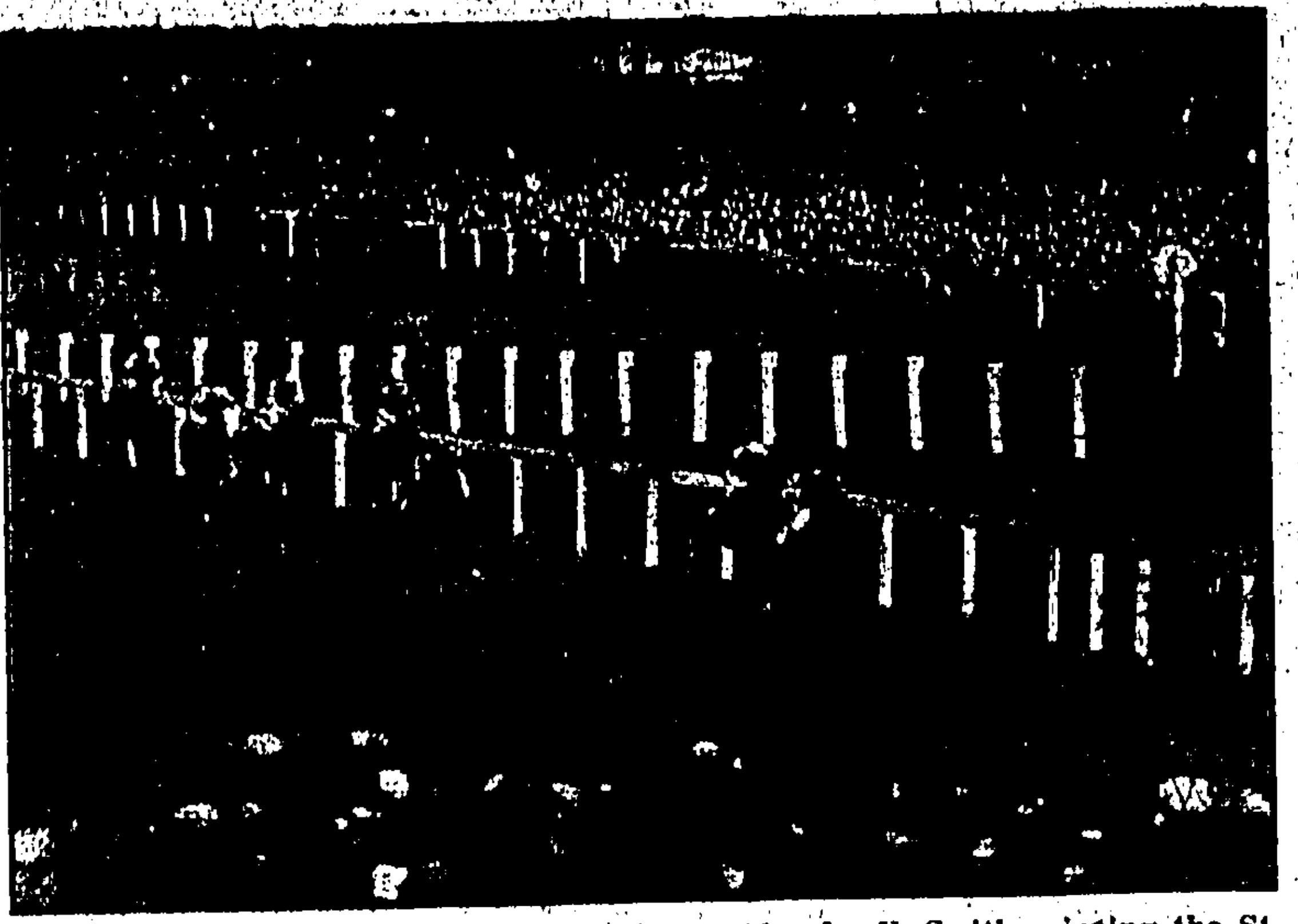
NOON on Wednesday, 23rd

September, 1953.

By Order of the Stewards,

H. M. S. Secretary.

## PREMONITION BEATS THE QUEEN'S AUREOLE



Brigadier W. P. Wyatt's Premonition, ridden by E. Smith, winning the St. Leger Stakes at Doncaster, Yorkshire, on September 12 by three lengths from M. Dupre's Northern Light II (G. LeQuex up) and the Queen's Aureole (ridden by W. H. Carr). — Reuterphoto.

## There Is Something To Be Said For Relegation

By ARCHIE QUICK

There is something to be said for relegation. Southampton are finding that a successful team in Division III South is a better proposition than a losing team in the Second Division.

The "Saints" went down last May. The fortunes of the club were at the lowest ebb in their long and honourable history. Gates hit rock bottom and the club had to go cap in hand to the Football Association and ask for a loan of £10,000.

It was refused. Now it is not needed. A winning view has been struck and the club is after promotion at the first attempt.

Attendances have rocketed and there is a new team spirit born of confidence prevailing among the players.

Manager George Roughlorn says he has no money to buy new men, but that is not needed for he feels that the staff he already has is good enough to see the club back into the Second Division.

Another club with a new spirit is Chelsea. After they had beaten Arsenal at Highbury to climb into 10th position Manager Ted Drake said to me: "It hurt to hit the old club like this when it is down, but we cannot afford to be sentimental in this soccer business."

"But the biggest satisfaction is the revival of Stanley Mortensen. Not for one minute did I

need to think that he had passed the crest, but the fact is that up to now he has been as good as ever and is quite good enough to lead England's forwards or play inside-right. He has scored in every match but one and I have not seen a better player this season."

Stamford Bridge is a happier place than it has been for years. One of the reasons, I feel, is that I have about 20 players all worth their first team place and the competition and rivalry is a healthy thing. It keeps them all on their toes and I am getting better results because of it."

Arsenal's continued lack of success makes world news, such as the Highbury club's fame abroad. Assistant Manager Jack Crayton tells me that letters of sympathy are being received from overseas in large numbers together with all sorts of suggestions for remedying the trouble.

To me the cause of the present misfortune is crystal clear. The team have got old together and the youngsters have not been sufficiently "blooded" in the heat of League warfare. I am not being wise after the event. I said this when Arsenal lost on the opening day of the season at West Bromwich.

Whether he likes it or not, Manager Whittaker will have to put out some of the old hands to win the title. Derby's

Jim Norman Nielson, centre-half from Johannesburg, converted to centre-forward in the manner of John Charles of Leeds, got County's two goals this

13 of Blackburn's 15 goals this season.

Campbell, who got the other two, was not playing at Derby, but Quigley and Briggs obliged.

As for the other two, I fear there is a disturbing absence of inside-talent at inside-forward. Neither Jack Lee nor Jimmy Dunn is the general forward line requires and I fear there is no back-to-the-first-Division-at-the-first-attempt look about Derby.

I saw them play Blackburn, and, despite their 8-0 drubbing, I am only one team. And that is us. I also tell my linesmen that they are assistant referees.

Nothing is barred. If they think that he is good enough to promote, let him do it. They are placing too much reliance though on Tommy Briggs and Eddie Quigley. These two have scored between them a free kick should be given. They wave the flag. It doesn't matter who the linesman is, he is still an assistant referee, and if he is a youngster so much the better; it will give him confidence to know the referee will take notice of him."

SHOWMANSHIP

I referees who were unable to do a good job as linesmen came in for criticism.

"Many Class I referees cannot run the line," stated Major Walker. "They can tell the linesmen what to do, but they cannot do it themselves."

This was because they had spent all their time refereeing and had not acted as a linesman for a long time.

"Don't," he advised the referees, "point to the linesman if he犯s for an offside or foul that proves unpopular. If the crowd demonstrates against a linesman's decision, the referee sometimes points to the linesman if he is asking him to take the responsibility. This is wrong."

A point he stressed was that referees and linesmen alike should forget showmanship. The crowd had paid their money but there was still no need for the officials to "play to the gallery".

## MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL

New York, Sept. 17.

Today's Major League baseball scores were:

American League

R. H. E.

St. Louis ..... 7 11 1

New York ..... 1 4 1

Detroit ..... 1 5 1

Boston ..... 2 0 0

National League

R. H. E.

Brooklyn ..... 4 10 1

St. Louis ..... 3 7 0

Philadelphia ..... 10 18 0

Chicago ..... 4 10 3

United Press

R. H. E.

Brooklyn ..... 4 10 1

St. Louis ..... 3 7 0

Philadelphia ..... 10 18 0

Chicago ..... 4 10 3

Calgary ..... 4 10 1

Montreal ..... 3 7 0

Toronto ..... 4 10 3

Montreal ..... 4 10 3

Toronto ..... 4 10 3

Toronto





**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**  
(Butterfield & Swire (Hongkong) Ltd.)

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

BALINGS TO

"YUCHOW"	Shanghai	10 a.m. 10th Sept.
"HUMAN"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 21st Sept.
"SHENGKING"	Kiung	5 p.m. 23rd Sept.
"PETER REED"	Sibu & Tandjung Mani	8 a.m. 24th Sept.
"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	10 a.m. 25th Sept.
"FUNGING"	Bangkok	8 a.m. 26th Sept.
"HANYANG"	Djakarta, Semarang, Sourabaya & Macassar	10 a.m. 26th Sept.
"TARHOI"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 30th Sept.
"SHENGKING"	Kiung	5 p.m. 30th Sept.
"SZECHUEN"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	10 a.m. 1st Oct.

\* Sails from Custodian Wharf

ARRIVALS FROM

"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	20/21st Sept.
"SHENGKING"	Kiung	7 a.m. 21st Sept.
"PETER REED"	Sibu & Tandjung Mani	22nd Sept.
"FUNGING"	Osaka	24th Sept.
"HANYANG"	Kobe	24th Sept.
"PAKHAI"	Bangkok	28th Sept.
"SZECHUEN"	Singapore	28th Sept.

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

BALINGS TO

"CHANGTE"	Sydney & Melbourne	4 p.m. 27th Sept.
"CHANGSHA"	Japan	2nd Oct.
"SHANSI"	Sydney Pl., Moreby, Samarai, Rabaul, Kaveng, Madang & Lae	19th Oct.
"CHANGTE"	Kobe	25th Sept.
"CHANGSHA"	Australia & Manila	26th Sept.
"TAIYUAN"	Australia & Japan	30th Oct.

ARRIVALS FROM

"CHANGTE"	Aden	Leads
"CHANGSHA"	Port Said	Sails

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.

"AENEAS"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg	10th Sept.	23rd Sept.
"ASTYANAX"	Liverpool & Dublin	23rd Sept.	24th Sept.
"PYRRHUS"	Marselles, Liverpool & Glasgow	5th Oct.	6th Oct.
"ASCANIUS"	Liverpool & Glasgow	13th Oct.	14th Oct.
"CALCHAS"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg	20th Oct.	22nd Oct.

Scheduled Sailings from Europe			
Sails	Arrives	Leads	Sails
Liverpool	Hong Kong	Rotterdam	22nd Sept.
do	27th Sept.	do	27th Sept.
do	4th Oct.	Sailed	13th Oct.
do	13th Oct.	Sailed	25th Oct.
do	23th Sept.	—	29th Oct.
do	13th Oct.	—	7th Nov.
do	13th Nov.	13th Oct.	13th Nov.

G. Loading Glasgow, before Liverpool. S. Loading Swansea, before Liverpool. Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

**De La Rama Lines**

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS.

Sails N.Y.	Sails S.F.	Arr. H.K.
Sailed	18th Sept.	18th Oct.
— do —	2nd Oct.	1st Nov.
— do —	17th Oct.	18th Nov.
— do —	1st Nov.	1st Dec.
"AJAX"	10th Oct.	14th Dec.
"RAINAN"	24th Oct.	13th Nov.

SAILING for NEW YORK, via SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & CRISTOBAL.

Leads Sails

"DONA AURORA" 15th Sept. 20th Sept.

"DONA ALICIA" 4th Oct. 5th Oct.

Accept cargo for Kingston and to Central & South American ports on through bills of lading.

For passage and Freight Particulars please apply to

**I. CONNAUGHT RD. C. Tel. 30331/8**  
BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875. 32144. 24878

**"Peace Offensive" Against Japan**

Tokyo, Sept. 17.

The leader of Japan's Progressive Party, Mr Mamoru Shigemitsu, told a press conference today that he believed Russia will intensify its peace offensive against Japan next month when international talks on Germany and Korea are due to begin.

Mr Shigemitsu, an advocate of Japan's rearmament, said Russia's peace offensive directed against Japan will attempt to break off the Japanese-American relationship and, to prevent Japan from having its own defense army and receiving Mutual Security Agency aid from the United States.

He stressed that the Yoshida Government should take "prompt and efficient measures" to "complain with possible elements by Communists and leftists elements to disturb Japan's peace and order."

The powerful dally, Yomiuri, reported today that Russian censored letters arriving from Japan have begun to bring hope for early repatriation of Japanese prisoners in Russia.

The paper said one of the letters arrived this week from Toshio Hayashi, an ex-Imperial Army officer, had such phrases as "We have hope." I am eagerly awaiting the day to return home."

The paper said letters received until June this year never had such words.

The paper said Russia might return a large number of Jap-

**CHINA MAIL**  
1-1 WYNDHAM STREET

NOTICE

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

PROBATE, DIVORCE & ADMIRALTY DIVISION (DIVORCE)

Montgomery, Ellen Florence and Montgomery, Cecil.

TO CECIL MONTGOMERY  
Respondent late of 10 Elsworthy Terrace, Hampstead, London N.W.

A Petition for Divorce has been filed against you. Upon an application by letter to The Registrar of Divorce Registry Somerset House, Strand, London, a copy of the Petition will be sent. If within 68 days hereafter no application has been made nor appearance entered the Court may hear the Petition and pronounce Judgment.

B. LONG,  
Registrar.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES PER  
NISSON YUSHI KAISHA  
m.v. "AWATA MARU"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the ship "NISSON YUSHI KAISHA" at Gouwon where it will be at the consignee's risk and subject to the wharfs' terms and condition of the port and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the ship for examination by Consignee and the Company's surveyors. Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 18th September, 1953.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouses Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer inspect their cargo when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have been released to steamer's agents and all goods remaining undelivered after the 21st September, 1953, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Under-Secretary on or before the 28th September, 1953, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD.  
Agents

Hongkong, 18th September, 1953.

**MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN**

**Stevenson  
Speech  
Is Hailed**

London, Sept. 17.

Mr Adlai Stevenson, Democratic candidate in the last United States Presidential election, is hailed as a heartening "Voice of America" by the British newspapers which today analysed his recent speech in Chicago.

Speaking in London, he said: "It is a tragedy that Britain has no real Foreign Secretary at the critical moment when a lead from Britain is needed if the Korea peace conference is to be saved."

"For Mr Dulles' blundering diplomacy is in danger of wrecking it, and destroying the Anglo-American understanding built up by the statesmanship of Mr Ernest Bevin and Mr Attlee."

"Apparently, Mr Dulles values the friendship of Mr Syngman Rhee more highly than that of Britain and the Commonwealth," Mr Jay said.

He declared: "The British public are determined not to take part in a general war against China."

"They want a peaceful settlement in the Far East, and they are convinced that the peace-loving countries, like India, should contribute powerfully to it."—China Mail Special.

**Fourth in  
Month**

Singapore, Sept. 17.

A Southeast Asia observation group, composed of seven members of the Japanese Lower House, arrived this afternoon by air from Jakarta. The team is headed by Mr Ichiro Honda, and is the fourth Japanese mission to visit the Colony this month.

The group is to make a one-day return trip to Kuching, Sarawak, tomorrow.

They will inspect industrial activities in Singapore on Saturday and leave for Saigon on Sunday.—China Mail Special.

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By MIKE

Dino  
At the  
P.G.

For  
Reservations, Tel: 27880

SMARTIES

the family's  
favourite

SMARTIES  
ROWNTREE'S  
CHOCOLATE  
HANS

the  
family's  
favourite

SMARTIES  
the  
family's  
favourite

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES  
P.O. Box 65,  
Queen's Bldg.  
Tel: 38651.



M

FAST PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE  
From Marseilles Leaves Marseilles Due H.H. For  
"LA MARSEILLAISE" 15 Sept. 30 Oct. Yokohama  
"VIET-NAM" 6 Oct. 1 Nov.  
"CAMBODGE" 14 Oct. 6 Nov. Yokohama  
To Marseilles Leaves Hong Kong Due Marseilles Via  
"LA MARSEILLAISE" 21 Oct. 1 Nov. Saigon  
"VIET-NAM" 3 Nov. 26 Nov. Saigon  
"CAMBODGE" 10 Nov. 12 Dec. Saigon  
Via Marseilles to all Mediterranean & West Africa Ports  
Via Djibouti to Madagascar.

FREIGHT SERVICE

From Europe Left Due H.H. For  
"AURAY" Antwerp—27 July 30 Sept. Manila & Japan  
"KRAKATADDY" Antwerp—1 Sept. 19 Oct. Manila & Japan  
"MONKAY" Dunkirk—early Oct. 22 Nov. Manila & Japan  
To Europe Leaves Kielung Leaves H.H. For  
"COURCELLES" 1 Oct. 6 Oct.  
"AURAY" 30 Oct. 1 Nov.  
"KRAKATADDY" 13 Nov.  
Saigon, Singapore, Djibouti, Marseilles, Algiers, Oran, Tangiers,  
Casablanca, Le Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Dunkirk.  
Subject to change without notice.

EVERETT LINES

EVERETT ORIENT LINE

Fast regular freight—refrigerator—passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Rangoon, Calcutta and Chittagong.

"BRADEVERETT"

Arrives Sept. 10 from Singapore.  
Sails Sept. 20 for Kobe, Osaka, Nagoya & Yokohama.

"NOREVERETT"

Arrives Sept. 21 from Manila.  
Sails Sept. 21 for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.

(Accepting cargo for transhipment  
Kobe/Pusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

EVERETT STAR LINE

Fast regular freight—refrigerator—passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.

"STAR BETELGEUSE"

Arrives Sept. 21 from Singapore.  
Sails Sept. 22 for Pusan, Kobe & Yokohama.

"STAR ALCYONE"

Arrives Sept. 22 from Japan.  
Sails Sept. 23 for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Madras, Colombo, Cochlin, Bombay, Karachi, Kharramshahr, Basrah & Bahrain.

(Accepting cargo for transhipment  
Kobe/Pusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION S/A  
Incorporated in the Republic of Panama  
With Limited Liability

Queen's Building, Telephone 31206.

Chinese Department: Telephone 28293.

Almost Invisible  
British Exhibit  
At Trade Fair

(From Ralph Hewins)

Stockholm, Sept. 17.

A well-nigh invisible "exhibit" is the star turn of the 26-nation St Erik Trade Fair in Stockholm.

It is a microscopic ball for bearings—a triumph of British craftsmanship and already a substantial dollar-earner.

Imagine the ball of a ball-point pen. Well, that is a hundred times greater in volume than the new midget, which has never been "shown" abroad before.

It is so tiny, that Mr Edward Fothergill, sales manager of the Crawley, Sussex, manufacturers, often cannot find it in its oil can with the aid of a magnifying glass or even a microscope. "It disappears into the seams in the stopper," he says.

In the United States it is already being used in advanced laboratory work by a brilliant refugee scientist, Dr Kubo Kirsch.

When the first consignment arrived in the States the laboratory cables to Crawley. "We ordered steel balls. Why did you send oil balls?" The reply was "Look again."

Even the Swedes, inventors of ball-bearings, are amazed. The great "Swedish" firm, L. M. Ericsson Ltd., which operated the world's first telephone system, has placed orders. So have the A. G. A. stove people.

The new Stockholm Underground Railway and the tram lights of the city (pop. 1,000,000) will be controlled or "radiated" by

by the mighty British midget, as even the Ministry of Defence is interested.

NEW VISTAS

Mr Fothergill claims: "New vistas are opened in the finest possible instrument work in physics, chemistry, medicine, engineering and aeronautics."

The baby ball is 3/100ths (.003) of an inch in diameter. One ton of steel produces a million balls and in the process multiplies the value of the metal 200 times.

The brain behind the miracle midget is 45-year-old Mr John Bass, managing-director, and his 75-year-old father, Mr John Bass sen., who have been in bearings a lifetime. John senior opened the first ball-bearing factory in France.

It is not the tiny brain-child which attracts the millions of sightseers to the £25,000 British Pavilion. The eye-catcher is an unusual flower—a villainous, spiky yellow, plant which Mr Fothergill calls an aphonandra.

I will take his word for it—also his assurance that the baby ball does in fact exist. So far I have not been able to spot it.—London Express Service.

British  
Refining  
Outlook

Contribution, which the Merseyside area is making to the development of the petroleum industry, was referred to by Mr A. J. Carter, chief technologist of Shell Mex and B.P. Ltd., Stanlow, in an address at the annual meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science in Liverpool.

The oil industry, said Mr Carter, had made some startling advances in the last 10-15 years in methods of exploration for oil, in production, transport, refining, distribution, and utilisation.

In 1946, Britain imported 2,500,000 tons of crude oil, and about 10,000,000 tons of petroleum products were consumed. In 1952, 22,000,000 tons of crude oil were imported and just under 24,000,000 tons of petroleum products were consumed. These figures illustrated what had taken place. Instead of the finished products being imported, the crude oil itself was being imported and refined in Britain, and Merseyside's share of that was about one-fifth.

Including the Manchester Ship Canal in the Merseyside area, Mr Carter said there were approximately 18 installations manufacturing, handling or distributing petroleum products in the area, and eight of them were either new or had been rebuilt and expanded since 1946. In one case, the intake had increased tenfold—from 0.4 mn. tons in 1946 to 4.2 mn. tons in 1952.

ECONOMIC POINT

The location of the industry did not depend upon the particular location of raw materials, but was dictated by transport. Refining accounted for plenty of capital, but an equal amount went in tankers, pipelines, vehicle fleets and other means of distribution. The refinery, therefore, must be located at the most economical point, and, for that part of the country, that was Merseyside.

The changeover from refining in remote parts of the world to refining in Britain had been motivated by a number of factors. As refining became more flexible and markets more diverse, the point arrived 10-15 years ago, when crude oil could be refined in the consuming country and all of its products could be used.

Outlining factors influencing the changeover, Mr Carter said that crude oil production in a given area tended first to rise on exploration and declined as the fields became exhausted. Refining in the producing area, therefore, was subject to fluctuations.

Another factor was that a good many of the oil-producing areas were politically unstable, so there was a reluctance to put a lot of refining capital in the country concerned. The industry was highly complex in equipment requirements and operating techniques and was more easily operated in an industrialised country, where they had equipment manufacturers, research organisations, technical staffs and skilled labour.

NEW EQUIPMENT

As a result of those and other factors, the oil companies decided refining in Britain should expand and expand it did at an incredible rate. The background for that expansion was very favourable, as most of the companies had long experience of operating refineries abroad, and a lot of intensive wartime development was applicable for peace-time use. Moreover, the industry could build from the ground up and did not have to superimpose on obsolescent equipment, technique and sites, so the country was in possession of a brand new industry capable of supplying all its requirements of refined petroleum products.

Mr Carter said that Merseyside refined about 5,000,000 tons of petroleum per annum, and the quality was as high, if not higher, than anywhere in the world. An interesting point, Mr Carter observed, was that the Manchester Ship Canal, built in 1874, had stood up to the load manfully. It had handled enormously increased traffic and only broken down when the oil companies began to build giant tankers of 30,000-40,000 tons; that, he added, was beyond the vision of the builders of the canal.

BIGGEST OIL DOCK

He referred to the construction of the new oil dock at Eastham, which would handle those giant tankers, and he recalled the comment of an American friend who inspected it: "Nobody could mistake that for anything but a hole in the ground." But, added Mr Carter, it was the biggest hole in the ground one had ever seen.

Referring to Merseyside's importance in the new industry, Mr Carter said that, looking at it quite soberly and disinterestedly, there was no other part of the country or comparable area in the world which had such a concentration of diverse industries based on petroleum.

I will take his word for it—also his assurance that the baby ball does in fact exist. So far I have not been able to spot it.—London Express Service.

U.S. Business  
Omens Said  
To Be Better

By SYDNEY S. CAMPBELL  
Boutier's Financial Editor

Construction contract awards in the United States during the summer were running below last year and were showing a more than seasonal drop. Construction has great importance for the general business prospect, and on the whole the latest omens are better.

Even during the summer building expenditures, as distinct from contracts awarded, ran at record levels and seemed likely to remain very high, even if below the spring peak. More recently contract awards have improved and have reversed the previous softening.

Commercial, educational and scientific building has reached new records. Even housing contracts keep up extremely well.

If this can be maintained, nothing on the physical side will be more important—subject always to the qualification that all physical factors in the U.S. may be less important than sentimental ones.

The automobile industry must slacken, simply because its pace has been far too hot to keep up. Even this is not necessarily bearish.

The remarkable thing is how hot a pace the major manufacturers have kept up and for

how long, though some of the smaller producers have fallen by the wayside.

A let-down, when it comes, will have been so long anticipated that it may prove to have been over-discounted.

A fairly substantial slackening could be absorbed by a reduction of overtime, before causing outright unemployment, since about 15 per cent of the record output has come from overtime.

It is still difficult to disentangle the double-talk about the condition of the car business. On the one hand dealers report record stocks, and prices of used cars have been falling. On the other hand the stocks held by new car dealers are still only about one month's sales, and used car prices, in relation to new car prices, they were before the war.

MAY BE WEAKNESS

This looks like a sign of strength but may be a weakness, caused only by the large trade-in allowance that new car dealers have to grant in order to move the new cars.

Used car dealers report that sales in July were 24 per cent below July 1952—52 per cent down in the Western states—and that inventories were down much less. Perhaps the best though rather unhelpful summing-up is that the car is all right so long as it keeps going.

Steel is shaky, influenced by cessation of inventory accumulation, by curtailment of output of farm implements and household appliances, and by prospective curtailment in cars.

During the summer the bulls rode this off by arguing that as automobile sales fell only 10 per cent of steel output, and appliances only 2½ per cent, curtailment in these lines would reduce the demand for steel only slightly.

The drop in steel buying which was expected to follow the price increases did not materialise. Order books for the fourth quarter started to fill rapidly when first opened.

DECIDED CHANGE

But here there has been a decided change for the worse. The drop in buying has basically arrived and the fourth-quarter order books have turned slow to complete, and still have plenty of room for business. The tone of reports on steel has decidedly worsened.

According to Iron Age, uncertainties breed of the widespread feeling that the production boom is at its crest and must ebb moderately as pushing the manufacturer into shorter-term buying based on competitive advantage.

Seeing the steel industry's expanded capacity as a guarantee against future shortage, buyers are intent on reducing their inventories. To cut inventories both of steel products and of raw materials are said to be marked "urgent."

Steel output has already dropped a little.

NEVER SAFE

The optimistic view in the industry is that a 20 per cent steel ingot rate might be more economic than the recent rates of 100 per cent or more, which required the use of high-cost equipment.

But it is never safe to assume that decline will stop at the optimum point. If the rate does drop below 90, one will soon be hearing not that that is the optimum point but that high and inflexible costs have raised the break-even point to not much below 90.

The cuts in Government spending cut into spending power. During the summer the fable counter-argument was that the cuts would be small, but that no longer holds.

On a cash budgeting basis, the U.S. Treasury will be at the square during the current fiscal year ending next June, whereas in its fiscal year which ended June 30 its cash outlay exceeded its cash intake by more than \$5 billion and added that amount to current spending power.—Reuter.

Tariff List  
Revision  
In Formosa

Taipei, Sept. 17.

The Chinese Nationalist Maritime Customs and the Provincial Department of Finance are working on a revised tariff list on imports into Formosa, usually reliable sources said today.

The new tariff list would reduce the rates on daily necessities and increase those on luxuries, the sources said.

They added that the revised tariff would be ready in about a month.

Even the more liberal policy adopted by the Central Government towards independent operators, the two corporations—BOAC and BEA—continued to dominate the picture.

It is necessary to repeat the platitude that aviation is still only in the infancy of its development.

When questions of defence, of the incomparable possibilities of development and of increasing world competition are considered, it is obvious that it is necessary to consider the financial support which is still preliminary when the routes of British aviation are discussed.

Even so, the progress made during recent years has been impressive.

During the financial year 1947-48 the gross deficit of BOAC amounted to £7,371m. By 1952 this deficit had been wiped out and the corporation had made a gross profit for the financial year 1951-52 of £2,214,000. BEA has also shown a steady though less marked trend towards improved financial position. During its first full financial year, 1947-48, the Corporation had a deficit of £3,574,000. The year 1951-52 showed this deficit whitened away to £1,423,000.

DECISIVE FACTORS

The progress made by the two corporations has been satisfactory.

But, when the advantages they enjoy in the form of Treasury support and Government supervision are taken into account, the formidable obstacles in the path of private air transport companies become all the more serious.

Here again there are two decisive factors.

To make possible the two corporations has been satisfied.

But, when the advantages they enjoy in the form of Treasury support and Government supervision are taken into account, the formidable obstacles in the path of private air transport companies become all the more serious.

Here again there are two decisive factors.

To make possible the two corporations has been satisfied.

But, when the advantages they enjoy in the form of Treasury support and Government supervision are taken into account, the formidable obstacles in the path of private air transport companies become all the more serious.

Here again there are two decisive factors.

To make possible the two corporations has been satisfied.

But, when the advantages they enjoy in the form of Treasury support and Government supervision are taken into account, the formidable obstacles in the path of private air transport companies become all the more serious.

Here again there are two decisive factors.

To make possible the two corporations has been satisfied.

But, when the advantages they enjoy in the form of Treasury support and Government supervision are taken into account, the formidable obstacles in the path of private air transport companies become all the more serious.

Here again there are two decisive factors.

DRYSDALE & CO., LTD.  
CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS.  
HIGH SPEED STEAM ENGINES.

ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.  
H.M. & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tel. 27789

# CHINA MAIL

Established 1845

Page 10

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1953

## Russia Tests More Atom Bombs

London, Sept. 17.

Russia has tested several new types of atomic bombs in the past few weeks, Tass, the official news agency, said tonight. The announcement said the experimental trials were successful.

The Soviet news agency, Tass, said that though Russia was giving attention to the production of atomic weapons, the nation also followed a policy of strengthening peace and trying to reach agreement with other countries on the absolute prohibition of atomic, hydrogen and other kinds of weapons of mass destruction.

### Chartering Of Ship Claim

So that further evidence could be called concerning the market rate for chartering ships during September and October, 1950, a case brought by John Manners and Co., Ltd., against Lien Foo Co. was adjourned by Mr. Justice Reece this morning until Saturday, September 26.

Plaintiffs, represented by Mr. Patrick Yu, instructed by Deacons, are claiming from the defendants, who have left the Colony, \$91,400.63.

Mr. B. P. C. Fletcher, a member of the plaintiff firm, told the Court that his firm suffered damage by reason of the failure of the defendants to redeliver the ship as Baralaba on the expiry of a charter party dated July 4, 1950. The plaintiffs' claim is \$15,833.33, representing 46 days at \$2,500 a day, less \$24,426.70 which they estimate they owe to the defendant firm.

The accountant of John Manners and Co., Larry S. R. Ma, explained in detail how the amount owed by the plaintiffs was calculated, and Mr. Yu drew attention to a clause of the charter party which stipulated that should the charterers fail to deliver the ship by the pre-arranged date, they would be liable to pay at the current market price and not at the price originally decided.

Mr. Yu said that the market price in September-October was estimated by the defendants to be \$75,000 for 30 days. This was arrived at because a smaller ship than the Baralaba had been chartered at \$55,000 and on October 18 that year the Baralaba itself was chartered at \$75,000.

Mr. Reece requested more evidence from responsible officials on this point, before he could assess the damage to the plaintiffs.

### THE HOME FOR YOUR BETTER BRAS AND BETTER GIRDLES



Ladies, on our waiting list are cordially invited to call for their "PETER PAN", hidden treasure and merry-go-round bras, "BALI" famous bow-bras, "Lady Marlene" bra creations, "Lily of France" aristocrat girdles.

All above supreme quality foundation garments are worn today by the well-groomed gentlewomen in America and Europe. Of course in Hongkong, your high fashion leader, MODE ELITE, has them in complete variety for your choice at the same price you pay in the West and America. They are "EXCLUSIVELY" distributed by MODE ELITE, nation-wide known for better apparel and better accessories.

## MODE ELITE

22, Queen's Road, C. Tel: 24052

### NEW SULTAN IS ACCLAIMED



The population of Meknes carry posters with the inscription "Long Live France, Hail Morocco", in the streets of the town as the new Sultan of Morocco, Sidi Mohammed Ben Arafa, rode past in procession. — London Express.

### Revision Of Charter To Be Considered

New York, Sept. 17.

The United Nations General Assembly, rejecting Soviet protests, decided today to place on its agenda proposals for preparatory work regarding possible revision of the United Nations Charter in 1955.

The voting was 51 votes to five (the Soviet group), with one abstention.

Mr. Jacob Malik, the Soviet delegate, declared that the speech made earlier by Mr. John Foster Dulles, the United States Secretary of State, "clearly showed" that the United States was insisting on consideration of the proposals to promote revision of the Charter.

Mr. Malik accused the United Nations of "concealing its clear political intentions."

The importance of the unanimity of the five permanent members of the Security Council—official parlance for the veto—was clear to everyone, Mr. Malik said.

It was "absolutely useless to revise the Charter, especially in the present climate."

He said the Soviet Union could not accept the arguments put forward on the point by Mr. Dulles.

By a similar vote of 51 to five, with one abstention, the Assembly also rejected protests by the Soviet Union and its supporters against inclusion on the agenda of an item dealing with the alleged detention of hundreds of thousands of German, Italian and Japanese prisoners of war by the Soviet Union.

Mr. Malik contended that discussion of the issue was proposed only for "slanderous ends."

He added that "everyone" knew that the repatriation of prisoners of war had been completed by the Soviet Union long ago.

The Assembly approved the remainder of the 72-item agenda without comment.

It also adopted without comment the proposal of the Secretary-General, Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, that the closing date of the present session should be December 8. — Reuter.

### Govt Gazette Announcements

The Government Gazette announced today that Mr. G. D. Blindestad has ceased to be an Assistant Director of Commerce and Industry with effect from September 10.

It was also announced that the following have been appointed Justices of the Peace for the Colony: Messrs. L. J. McTavish, D. N. E. Rea, D. H. Taylor, J. Pakenham-Walsh.

It was notified that H. E. the Governor has recognised Mr. Milton W. Meyer and Mr. John H. Holdridge as Vice-Consuls for the United States of America in the Colony, provisionally and pending instructions from the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Another announcement stated that H. E. the Governor has recognised Dr. Herbert Franke and Dr. Bernhard Corinth as Consuls, and Dr. Herbert Engemann as Vice-Consul, for the Federal Republic of Germany at Hongkong.

Mr. Justice Scholes also ordered confiscation of the dagger.

### 18 Months For Possessing Dagger

For being in possession of a dagger without a licence, Chan Ming-fat, who is now serving a sentence of six months for breach of a life deportation order, was sentenced to 18 months by Mr. Justice A. D. Scholes, Acting Puise Judge, at the Criminal Session, this morning.

Mr. Simon Li, Crown Counsel, said that at 6.15 p.m. on June 20, the accused went to No. 6 Apilu Street, first floor, with the intent of doing some harm to a woman in the house. He failed to enter the house due to the resistance of the principal tenant, who raised the alarm. Accused then ran downstairs but was intercepted by a man and was arrested. The dagger was found in his possession.

The accused was first charged in the Police Court with assault with intent to rob and during committal proceedings accused gave evidence that he had been told by another man to assault a woman in the premises and was given the dagger in case he could not overcome the woman.

PREVIOUS OFFENCES

The accused had several previous convictions. Mr. Simon Li said, On December 13, 1950, he was fined \$25 for selling food for man.

In April, 1951, he was convicted of conspiracy to commit and possession of arms and was sentenced to 2½ years. He was also recommended for banishment. On December 23, 1952, he was convicted of breach of a deportation order and was sentenced to six months.

Since the incident at Apilu Street, he was charged again with and convicted of breach of a deportation order on August 21, for which he was sentenced to six months. At present he is serving the six months' sentence.

The Judge ordered that the sentence of 18 months be run consecutively with the six months' sentence accrued was now serving.

Mr. Justice Scholes also ordered confiscation of the dagger.

What's Her Line? Solution  
PARLOURMAID  
London Express Service.

### Liability Of Owners And Landlords

In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 29 of the Waterworks Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations published in the Government Gazette today:

Where the owner or landlord of any premises pays for the metered water supply he shall be deemed to be the consumer until such time as he has made arrangements with the Water Authorities for all other occupiers to become consumers in his place.

The landlord, notwithstanding any notice which he may have given either to the Water Authorities or to his tenants, will still be liable to payment of any money due in respect of consumption.

These regulations were formerly under the Emergency Regulations GN 922 of 1938, which were repealed when regulation 138 of the Emergency (Principal) Regulations were passed in 1949.

However, as it is considered desirable that the regulations should continue in force as they have and will in any manner a temporary or emergency character, it is proper that they should be reenacted as ordinary regulations.

### 3 Years For Store Dealer

Chau Fai, 21-year-old marine store dealer, of 90, Fanling New Village, was sentenced to three years or \$2,000 by Mr. T. Credon on April 23, 1951, as a Director, and on March 16, 1951, had come to the Company meeting and approved the balance sheet on March 14, 1951, as a Director and on March 16, 1951, had come to the Company meeting and approved the balance sheet as a shareholder should now, in 1953, when he is subject to a Police Prosecution, try to throw dirt at me. Furthermore, on February 15 and 17, 1951, Mr. King, at the Directors' meetings on those two days—the minutes of which are in this Court—then told Ipekjian that he was satisfied and that Ipekjian's were not taking the cream of the business.

Mr. Seymour: A peculiarity of this case is that Mr. King, has had or at any rate seen the document Exhibit SSSS in April or thereabouts, 1950, with the remarks, on, and having signed the balance sheet on

March 14, 1951, as a Director and on March 16, 1951, had come to the Company meeting and approved the balance sheet as a shareholder should now, in 1953, when he is subject to a Police Prosecution, try to throw dirt at me. Furthermore, on February 15 and 17, 1951, Mr. King, at the Directors' meetings on those two days—the minutes of which are in this Court—then told Ipekjian that he was satisfied and that Ipekjian's were not taking the cream of the business.

Mr. Seymour: And this harangue of yours is founded on your assertion that Exhibit SSSS was in his (King's) possession since 1950—I say that the jewellery was sent to Falconer's with SSSS and what Mr. King did with it I had no means of knowing, but on the other side there is more to what Mr. King has so aptly called my tirade than just the Arcus question, because the Bulova matter was also in the period 1949-50, and was known to Mr. King. The balance sheet was signed by Mr. King.

He came to the Company's annual general meeting and made no dissent when the accounts were placed before him.

WITNESS APOLOGISES

Before Mr. Silvia went on to ask his next question, he told Mr. Seymour that while they had differences of opinion, he did not think it necessary for Mr. Seymour to raise his voice in making a reply.

Mr. Seymour apologised and remarked that he had been under cross-examination for

## Today's King Case Proceedings

(Continued from Page 1)

ber is that the was considerable trouble with Arcus, so much so that I had to remove him from the shop. There was a joint account—how much I cannot remember—between Falconer's and Arcus for the manufacture of jewellery and the defendant refused—although he later became a partner of Arcus—to have anything to do with the master and I personally had to see Arcus and obtain a settlement for Falconer's. The amount I cannot remember.

At this point, Mr. Silvia asked the Magistrate to make a note that the defendant did not admit being a partner of Arcus, although the (Counsel) did not intend to put that to the witness.

Continuing, Mr. Silvia asked: If my suggestion is correct, you will then have shown that Ipekjian would have billed Falconer's for Arcus' watch, plus 40 per cent?

Here, Mr. Clifford said he must have misunderstood Mr. Silvia in regard to the figures he had given earlier.

Mr. Silvia asked Mr. Clifford not to interrupt, saying that he and Mr. Seymour knew what they were talking about, and Mr. Clifford evidently did not know his mathematics.

EXPLANATION

A European, Mr. W. D. Pringle, was this morning fined \$150 by Mr. Thomas Tern in Central Court for driving without due care and attention and also ordered to pay \$100 damages to the father of a little 9-year-old Chinese girl whom he had hit and injured on July 18 at King's Road.

Pringles, according to his evidence when questioned by Mr. Silvia, was going along King's Road towards King's Road at about 30 miles an hour when he saw a group of people standing waiting for a tram. He had continued at about the same speed, meaning to pass between them and the pavement.

Suddenly a little girl rushed out in front of his car. He applied his brakes, but could not avoid hitting her. The little girl, Mak Siu-ling, appeared in Court, and said that she had been cut around the cheeks and forehead and bruised on her legs. The injuries had now healed.

Asked why he had not slowed down to pass the group of people, Pringles, who has only been driving in the Colony since July, said that it seemed quite safe to him.

NO ALTERNATIVE

Mr. Seymour: It would appear that Mr. Silvia was asking a dozen questions in one.

Mr. Silvia again asked Mr. Clifford not to interrupt and repeated his question.

Pringles, according to his evidence when questioned by Mr. Silvia, was going along King's Road towards King's Road at about 30 miles an hour when he saw a group of people standing waiting for a tram. He had continued at about the same speed, meaning to pass between them and the pavement.

Suddenly a little girl rushed out in front of his car. He applied his brakes, but could not avoid hitting her. The little girl, Mak Siu-ling, appeared in Court, and said that she had been cut around the cheeks and forehead and bruised on her legs. The injuries had now healed.

Asked why he had not slowed down to pass the group of people, Pringles, who has only been driving in the Colony since July, said that it seemed quite safe to him.

Asked why he had not slowed down to pass the group of people, Pringles, who has only been driving in the Colony since July, said that it seemed quite safe to him.

Mr. Seymour: It would appear that Mr. Silvia was asking a dozen questions in one.

Mr. Silvia again asked Mr. Clifford not to interrupt and repeated his question.

NO ALTERNATIVE

Mr. Seymour: It would appear that Mr. Silvia was asking a dozen questions in one.

Mr. Silvia again asked Mr. Clifford not to interrupt and repeated his question.

NO ALTERNATIVE

Mr. Seymour: It would appear that Mr. Silvia was asking a dozen questions in one.

Mr. Silvia again asked Mr. Clifford not to interrupt and repeated his question.

NO ALTERNATIVE

Mr. Seymour: It would appear that Mr. Silvia was asking a dozen questions in one.

Mr. Silvia again asked Mr. Clifford not to interrupt and repeated his question.

NO ALTERNATIVE

Mr. Seymour: It would appear that Mr. Silvia was asking a dozen questions in one.

Mr. Silvia again asked Mr. Clifford not to interrupt and repeated his question.

NO ALTERNATIVE

Mr. Seymour: It would appear that Mr. Silvia was asking a dozen questions in one.

Mr. Silvia again asked Mr. Clifford not to interrupt and repeated his question.

NO ALTERNATIVE

Mr. Seymour: It would appear that Mr. Silvia was asking a dozen questions in one.

Mr. Silvia again asked Mr. Clifford not to interrupt and repeated his question.

NO ALTERNATIVE

Mr. Seymour: It would appear that Mr. Silvia was asking a dozen questions in one.

Mr. Silvia again asked Mr. Clifford not to interrupt and repeated his question.

NO ALTERNATIVE

Mr. Seymour: It would appear that Mr. Silvia was asking a dozen questions in one.